Application

a) Cricket Illawarra Junior Competition – Stage 2 Formats
   - Level 1 – Under 13
   - Level 2 – Under 13

b) All matches are played in accordance with the Association Competition Administration rules (ACAR); the Junior General Competition rules (JPC-GC) and the Codes & Policies.

c) The MCC Laws of Cricket provide the basis & structure to the below rules. Unless there are conditions specified differently in this document, the MCC Laws of Cricket should be adhered to at all times. To view & download MCC Laws of Cricket, please click here.

d) All reference documents can be found on the website.

Contents

Application ................................................................. 1

The Laws of Cricket: The Preamble - The Spirit of Cricket ................................................................. 2

Law 1 – The Players ....................................................... 2
Law 2 – The Umpires ..................................................... 2
Law 3 – Scorers ........................................................... 3
Law 4 – The Ball .......................................................... 3
Law 5 – The Bat ........................................................... 3
Law 6 – The Pitch ......................................................... 4
Law 7 – The Creases ...................................................... 4
Law 8 – The Wickets ..................................................... 4
Law 9 – Preparation And Maintenance Of The Playing Area ................................................................. 4
Law 10 – Covering The Pitch ......................................... 4
Law 11 – Intervals .......................................................... 4
Law 12 – Start of Play; Cessation of Play .................... 4
Law 13 – Innings ........................................................... 6
Law 14 – The Follow-On ............................................... 7
Law 15 – Declaration and Forfeiture ............................ 7
Law 16 – The Result ...................................................... 7
Law 17 – The Over ......................................................... 8
Law 18 – Scoring Runs .................................................. 9
Law 19 – Boundaries ................................................... 9
Law 20 – Dead Ball ..................................................... 9
Law 21 – No Ball .......................................................... 9
Law 22 – Wide Ball ..................................................... 9
Law 23 – Bye and Leg Bye ........................................... 10
Law 24 – Fielder’s Absence; Substitutes ...................... 10
Law 25 – Batsman’s Innings ........................................ 10
Law 26 – Practice on the Field ...................................... 10
Law 27 – The Wicket-Keeper ....................................... 10
Law 28 – The Fielder ................................................... 11
Law 29 to Law 35 – Types of Dismissals .................... 11
Law 36 – Leg Before Wicket ........................................ 11
Law 37 to Law 40 – Types of Dismissals .................... 11
Law 41 – Unfair Play .................................................... 12
Law 42 – Players Conduct ........................................... 12
Appendix .................................................................... 13
The Laws of Cricket: The Preamble - The Spirit of Cricket

(see JPC-GC-The Preamble - The Spirit of Cricket)

The Preamble applies to all members of the Association affiliates, and makes team captains, coaches & managers responsible at all times for ensuring that play is conducted within the Spirit of the Game as well as within the Laws.

Law 1 – The Players

A. Players Age

1. Under 13 age category at the start of the season for players aged 12, 11 & 10 years old.

B. Team Numbers

1. Team consists of 9 players.
2. Maximum 11 players in any one game.
3. Minimum 7 players for a game to commence.
4. Team list to be exchanged at the toss containing the player names participating in the game. Failure to exchange lists may result in no points being awarded to either side.

C. Player Participation Opportunities

1. All players may bat and those players that did not bat must bowl.
2. All players may bowl and those players that did not bowl must bat.
4. Any team found in breach of the player participation rule will be handled by the JPC-GC-Players rule.

D. Clothing

1. Players are required to observe the dress standards at all times. Dress standards being wearing predominately white attire (long pants, shirt, socks and enclosed footwear) with a Club coloured cap or white hat.
2. Approved coloured playing shirts are optional; provided all players in the team are wearing the same shirt design.

E. Safety Equipment

1. Helmets must be worn at all times whilst batting & wicket-keeping.
2. Only helmets that display the Australian Standards Approval should be worn (BS7928:2013).
3. Although at times it is taken for granted, it is essential that when batting and wicket-keeping, all cricketers use correct leg pads, gloves and protectors when playing with cricket balls.
4. Additional protection may be worn based on match conditions and/or personal preference.

Law 2 – The Umpires

Law 2 shall apply. (also see JPC-GC-The Umpires)

A. Operation

1. Umpires shall alternate their position to officiate at the bowlers’ end after every 5 completed overs. The bowling team umpire takes the first over.
2. Umpires should not permit a new over to start until having confirmed the scorers are ready for play.

B. Law 2.7 Fitness for play (2.7) shall apply subject to

1. Weather Conditions
1. Unless matches have been cancelled (Association or by Team official agreement prior to start) all teams must attend the allocated venue (see JPC-GC-Wet Weather).

2. Teams to remain at venue for at least 1 hour (from scheduled start time) to evaluate the possibility of play starting and continuing (see JPC-GC-Fitness for Play).

2. Changing ground conditions

1. Teams are allowed to work on the pitch or ground prior to the scheduled starting time on any day. All work done after the scheduled starting time must be done under the supervision of the umpires.

2. No sand, sawdust or other foreign material is to be used on the field or wicket unless under the direction of the groundsman

3. Synthetic Pitch Surface

Pitch surface may be swept during the course of the match at the captains or umpires discretion

4. Lightning – (see JPC-GC- Junior Lightning Safety Code)

Law 3 – Scorers

Law 3 shall apply. (also see JPC-GC-Scorers & Scoring)

A. Scoring

1. Complete match & player information is to be recorded and maintained throughout the game.

2. Scorers at the start of each over shall signal the umpires confirming their readiness for play to continue.

B. MyCricket Detail Requirements

1. Complete match & player information must be entered in MyCricket after each game. (see Law 16)

2. Mandatory MyCricket information is;

   1. Match summary details – all types of extras itemised
   2. Player batting – total runs – itemised balls faced, 4s & 6s
   3. Player bowling – itemised overs, maidens, wickets, runs and importantly number of wides & no-balls
   4. Player fielding – itemised number of catches, wicket-keeper catches, stumping. (Run outs optional)

   Note: the MyCricket data is a Cricket Australia mandatory requirement used in the game format analysis.

Law 4 – The Ball

Law 4 shall apply.

a) Size – two-piece 142 gram leather covering, Red in colour must be used.

b) Approved brand & type shall be Kookaburra

   ▪ Level 1 – Practice
   ▪ Level 2 – Red King or Practice

c) New ball to be used at start of each innings.

Law 5 – The Bat

Law 5 shall apply.

a) Recommended Bat size – Size 5 or 6 (weight <2lb or <900g)
Law 6 – The Pitch

Law 6 shall apply subject to;

a) Pitch length – 18 metres from stump to stump.
b) Stump position – for simplicity in measurement, stumps will be brought in at each end to the 2 front popping crease lines (17.7m). (see Appendix-Pitch Setup)
c) Pitch surface – synthetic covering.
d) Pitch width – determined and defined by the width of the artificial covering.
e) Fitness of pitch for play (6.2) – Pitch surface may be swept during the course of the match at the captains or umpires discretion.

Law 7 – The Creases

Law 7 shall apply subject to;

a) As the pitch is shortened the front popping crease should be remarked with chalk or tape that is easily removable. (Paint should be avoided as the full pitch could be used by older age groups).

Law 8 – The Wickets

Law 8 shall apply subject to;

a) Portable stumps (with removable bails) of a free standing method shall be used to sit atop of the pitch surface at both shortened ends.
   b) Away team to assist and provide second set of free standing portable stumps.

Law 9 – Preparation and Maintenance of the Playing Area

Law 9 shall apply.

Law 10 – Covering the Pitch

Law 10 shall apply.

Law 11 – Intervals

Law 11 shall apply subject to;

a) A drinks break may be taken at the change of bowling ends (not exceeding 4 minutes) and change of innings.

Law 12 – Start of Play; Cessation of Play

A. Playing Times

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Details</th>
<th>20 Over Game</th>
<th>30 Over Game</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Start</td>
<td>Finish</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Match</td>
<td>8:00</td>
<td>10:10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Session 1</td>
<td>8:00</td>
<td>9:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Break (innings change)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Session 2</td>
<td>9:10</td>
<td>10:10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cut-off / Add-on Time</td>
<td>10:30</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Scheduled Times
   1. Subject to interruptions
   2. Laws 12.6, 12.7, 12.8 shall NOT apply.
2. Session Times
   - Duration – time from its commencement
   - Next Session – commences immediately after the previous session concludes.
   - Team batting first – bats during session 1.
   - Second batting team – bats during session 2.

3. Cut-off / Add-on Time
   Time is added to the end of each day to the maximum Cut-off time should
   1. Lost ball or injury occurs.
   2. Interruptions and Lost time occur.

B. Lost Time

1. Objective
   1. Rearrange the time remaining and overs, so both teams have the opportunity of batting for the same duration and number of overs.
   2. All Add-on time available on day to be utilised before any reduction in time and overs occurs.
   3. Cut Off time on day not to be exceeded.

2. Calculation of the lost time, overs per team and Player opportunities
   1. Time & Overs = follow Appendix-Lost Time Guide.
   2. New Session times = remaining match time is divided equally between both teams with new session cut off times determined and advised.
   3. Player opportunities = Batting (balls faced) and Bowling (overs bowled) is proportionally reduced to revised overs per team. (see Appendix-Player Participation guides)

C. Final Series Times

Level 1 & 2 - (see Law 16(E)-Final Series Structure)

1. Semi-final
   1. Date & Day – weekend 1 played on the Saturday.
   2. Lost Time – overs reduce as per (B)-Lost Time (No Add-on time available).

2. Preliminary-final
   1. Date & Day – weekend 1 played on the Sunday.
   2. Lost Time – overs reduce as per (B)-Lost Time (No Add-on time available).

3. Final
   1. Dates & Days (Extra Add-on Time)
      ▪ Weekend 2 played on the Saturday, plus additional if required
      ▪ Reserve Weekend 2 played on the Sunday, plus additional
      ▪ Reserve Weekend 3 – Saturday.

2. Lost Time
   1. Objective – enable both teams to receive an opportunity for maximum overs & result.
   2. Reserve Days – Extra Add-on time can be used to make up ONLY the actual amount of lost time. Play each day ceases at the Cut-off time.
   3. Match Result Likely – should playing conditions prevail and a result looks achievable on the day, with a common sense approach, play may be continued past the Cut-off time. (Not day 3)
Law 13 – Innings

A. Number of Innings

1. Both teams will each receive 1 innings, limited to a maximum batting time & quota of overs.
   - Maximum batting time = see Law 12-Playing Times table
   - Game length =
     ▪ Level dependent
     ▪ 30 or 20 overs each dependant on draw. (Draw will highlight)
2. Both teams must each receive 9 overs to constitute a match.

B. Completed Innings

1. The innings will be deemed as closed (whichever occurs sooner)
   - after the allotted overs have been bowled (not All out) or
   - the following amount of wickets have fallen (classed as All out)
     ▪ 7 player team – 6 wickets
     ▪ 8 player team – 7 wickets
     ▪ 9-11 player team – 8 wickets
2. A completed innings will be deemed a team has received its maximum quota of overs.

C. The Toss

1. How – the captains shall toss for the choice of innings, on the field of play and in the presence of the umpires. (Home captain to toss, Away captain to call)
2. When –
   ▪ No later than 15 minutes (or earlier than 30 minutes), before the scheduled or rescheduled match start time.
   ▪ Not until the minimum number of players per team are in attendance.
3. Notification – the captain winning the toss must immediately notify the opposing captain and umpires of his decision to bat or bowl. Note the provision of Law 1.3 (Captain).

D. Length of Innings

1. Each team will bat for a maximum length of time or quota of overs, unless dismissed earlier.
2. Where the team batting first innings is deemed completed under (B), the team batting second is entitled to bat for its allotted session time and receive its maximum quota of overs.
3. Lost Time
   1. Team batting second shall not bat for a greater time or overs than the team batting first, unless the team batting first innings is completed under (B).
   2. Constitute a Match – an opportunity for the minimum quota of overs to both teams, unless the innings is completed under (B).
4. Batting Opportunities – see Law 25-Batsman’s Innings
5. Fielding team failure to bowl overs by scheduled session finish time
   1. play ceases after the over in progress and no further overs are bowled.

E. Bowling & Maximum Overs

1. Bowling Opportunities
   1. All players may bowl. Players that did not bat must bowl.
   2. See Appendix-Player Participation guides-Bowling Limits Breakdown for overs per player options.
   3. Team 9 players or less – all players must bowl (including wicket-keeper).
   4. Team 10 players – all players may bowl (9 minimum excludes 1 wicket-keeper).
   5. Team 11 players – all players may bowl (10 minimum excludes 1 wicket-keeper).
2. Maximum overs per bowler (team number dependent)
- (30 over game) – 5 overs
- (20 or less over game) – 4 overs
- Coaches are encouraged to rotate the opportunity for players to bowl 5 overs (30 over game) & 4 overs (20 or less over game) in a match.

3. Maximum overs per bowler from one end
   - (30 over game) – 3 overs
   - (20 or less over game) – 2 overs.

4. Lost Time
   1. Should lost time occur and team overs are reduced, the player maximum overs bowled will be adjusted according to the Appendix-Player Participation guides.
   2. Limit Reached or Exceeded – no further deliveries allowed when reached or exceeded a re-calculated limit, except to complete an over previously commenced.

F. Final Series
   1. Conditions – played as per normal rounds. Divided time applies.
   2. Lost Time (Final Only) – Each innings continues into next day(s) available to receive an opportunity for the full overs, until a point when not enough time remains available, meaning overs then start to reduce.
   3. Lost Time Match Result – overs have been reduced, determined by Law 16 (A)-Determining the Result.
   4. Match Result Achieved – once a team records more runs than its opposition the game may terminate by agreement.

Law 14 – The Follow-On

Law 14 shall not apply. No follow-on in Stage 2 Junior Formats.

Law 15 – Declaration and Forfeiture

Law 15 shall not apply. No declaration in Stage 2 Junior Formats.

Law 16 – The Result

A. Determining the Result
   1. A team will be deemed the winner if
      1. it has scored more runs than its opposition when each team has received the designated number of overs.
      2. in an interrupted match (which has been constituted) where the team batting second does not receive the designated number of overs – the team with the better ‘Average Run-Rate’.
   2. A match will be deemed a
      1. ‘Draw’ if either one or both of the teams is prevented from receiving their allocated number of overs and a result has not been achieved. (Match not constituted)
      2. ‘Abandoned’ when the match did not commence from an interruption. (total wash out)
      3. ‘Tie’ in accordance with the Laws of Cricket when at the completion of the match; both teams have scored the same number of runs.
   3. Final Series
      - Should a draw, abandoned or tie occur, the higher ranked team at that point of final series will be declared the winner.

B. Calculation of Average Run Rate
   1. Formula is calculated to the exact innings balls received
      
      \[
      \text{Average Run Rate} = \frac{\text{total runs scored}}{\text{total balls faced}} \times 6
      \]
2. In all circumstances, the average run rate of
   1. a team that is ‘All out’ prior to receiving its allotted overs shall be determined as though it received its full allotted overs.

   Example 1: Team A was all out in 14.3 overs scoring 83 runs. Innings allotment was 20 overs. Team A average run rate is \( \frac{83 \text{ run}}{120 \text{ balls}} \times 6 = 4.15 \text{ runs per over} \) or simply \( \frac{83}{20} = 4.15 \text{ runs per over} \) (if exact full overs are completed).

2. the interrupted team batting second shall be determined by the average run rate formula to the exact number of balls received.

   Example 2: Team B was interrupted at 12.3 overs (i.e. 12 completed overs & 3 balls) scoring 54 runs. Team B average run rate is \( \frac{54}{75 \text{ balls}} \times 6 = 4.32 \text{ runs per over} \).

C. Entering Results into MyCricket

1. Match results and player statistics must be submitted into MyCricket after the completion of each match (including washouts) by the stipulated time. (see Law 2 for minimum information required)
2. The nominated team list for a match must only contain only players who actually participated in the game. All other players must be removed from the list.
3. Details & timing required see JPC-GC-Submission of MyCricket Results

D. Competition Points

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MyCricket Result Code</th>
<th>Points</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Won First Innings</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lost First Innings</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tie First Innings</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Match Drawn</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Match Abandoned</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Won On Forfeit</td>
<td>Max points in round</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lost On Forfeit</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bye</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bye (round complete wash out)</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

E. Final Series Structure

Level 1 & 2

1. Final Ladder position ranking – ordered by Points then Net Run Rate
2. Game Length = 30 Over game format
3. Number of Contesting Teams = top 4
4. Structure Type = 4 Team 3-Stage Series Type
   - Semi-finals – (SF1) Team 1 v Team 2 (winner to Final), (SF2) Team 3 v Team 4 (loser eliminated)
   - Preliminary final – (PF) SF1 loser v SF2 winner
   - Final – SF1 winner v PF winner

Law 17 – The Over

Law 17 shall apply subject to;

A. Operation

1. Overs will be bowled from one end consecutively.
2. 6 balls per over (maximum of 8 balls per over) except when;
   - Dead ball is called – this ball will be re-bowled.
   - Last over in each innings – 6 legal deliveries must be bowled.
3. Bowlers change ends after
   - (20 over game) – 10 overs
   - (30 over game) – 15 overs
4. Batters change ends at the end of each over except when the bowlers change end.

B. Lost Time

1. Should lost time occur and the innings overs are reduced; and where the innings length is
   ▪ greater than 9 overs – bowlers change ends midway through those allotted overs.
   ▪ 9 overs – no bowler change of end occurs

Law 18 – Scoring Runs

Law 18 shall apply.

Law 19 – Boundaries

Law 19 shall apply. (also see Appendix-Boundary Setup)

   a) Boundary size – 45 metres (maximum & recommended size with 40 metres as minimum).
   b) Boundary is to be measured from the middle of the pitch.

Law 20 – Dead Ball

Law 20 shall apply.

   a) A Dead Ball is to be called if the ball deviates from the edge of the wicket-matting, concrete or a raised
      turf pitch, with the ball being re-bowled.

Law 21 – No Ball

Law 21 shall apply subject to; (general guides listed below)

   a) A no-ball shall be called, with one run being added to the team score when:
      1. part of the bowler front foot is not behind the popping crease (21.5)
      2. any ball that bounces more than twice before reaching the batting crease (21.7)
      3. any ball that lands or bounces off the pitch (21.7)
      4. any ball comes to rest in front of striker’s wicket (21.8)
      5. the ball is above shoulder height of the batter, in an upright standing position, from a short pitched
         ball. (41.6)
      6. the ball is above waist high of the batter in a standing position for a full toss (41.7)
   b) Limited numbers of no-balls are re-bowled. (see Law 17-The Over)

   Note: In addition

   1. Batter also gets credited with any completed runs if the ball is hit.
   2. Should the ball miss the bat any other completed runs are scored as byes or leg byes.
   3. The penalty and all additional completed runs are added to the team running total.

Law 22 – Wide Ball

Law 22 shall apply subject to;

   a) Any ball passing outside the reach of a player in their normal stance that does not bounce off the pitch
      should be called a wide, with one run being added to the batting team score.
   b) Limited numbers of wides are re-bowled. (see Law 17-The Over)
Law 23 – Bye and Leg Bye
Law 23 shall apply.

Law 24 – Fielder’s Absence; Substitutes
Law 23 shall not apply.

a) Only an eligible player may act as a sub fielder (see JPC-GC-Substitute fielder).
b) If a team is short on players the opposition shall lend players to the fielding team for a maximum of 9 players on the field.

Law 25 – Batsman’s Innings
Law 25 shall apply subject to;

A. Player Opportunities

1. All players may have an opportunity to bat. Players that did not bowl must bat.
2. Retirement limits are based on the assumption that players will be dismissed.
3. Coaches are encouraged to monitor the batting innings and to maximum participation. Batting orders should rotate each match allowing opportunities to reach the retirement limits set.

B. Batsman Retiring (25.4)

1. Batters must compulsorily retire (unless dismissed beforehand) after facing; (* recommended team size)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Team Players</th>
<th>20 Over Game Balls</th>
<th>30 Over Game Balls</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9*</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. Any compulsory retired batters can return after all others (including any voluntarily retired batter once having met the retirement limit or is dismissed) have batted, in the order they retired (i.e. voluntary retired precedes compulsory).
3. All balls faced (regardless of whether wides / no-balls) to be included in the batter’s ball count.
4. Batters change ends at the end of each over; except when the bowlers change ends.

C. Lost Time

Should lost time occur and team overs are reduced, the player opportunities (balls faced) will be adjusted according to the Appendix-Player Participation guides.

D. Protective Equipment – The Batsman

Players must wear protective equipment at all times while batting. (Helmet with grille fitted, protector, leg guards & batting gloves).

Law 26 – Practice on the Field
Law 26 shall apply.

Law 27 – The Wicket-Keeper
Law 27 shall apply subject to;
A. Safety & General

1. All wicket-keepers must wear leg guards, protector, keeping gloves & helmet with grille fitted, at all times.
2. Teams have the option to change wicket-keepers after
   - (20 over game) – 10 overs
   - (30 over game) – 15 overs
   - Lost time – mid innings

Law 28 – The Fielder

Law 28 shall apply subject to;

A. Number of Fielders

1. Maximum of 9 fielders on the field at any one time; however other players may be rotated through the field whilst the innings is in progress. (also see Law 24)
2. To ensure players experience all fielding positions, fielding rotations can be implemented at the discretion of the Coach.

B. Safety

1. No fielders within 10 metres of batter or each other (except regulation off-side slips, gully & wicket-keeper) to encourage singles and for safety.
2. No player may enter this restricted area until the ball:
   1. is hit by the batter, or
   2. strikes the body, or
   3. strikes the equipment of the batter, or
   4. passes through to the wicket-keeper.

Law 29 to Law 35 – Types of Dismissals

Law 29 to Law 35 shall apply.

- Law 29 – The Wicket Is Down
- Law 30 – Batsman Out Of His/Her Ground
- Law 31 – Appeals
- Law 32 – Bowled
- Law 33 – Caught
- Law 34 – Hit The Ball Twice
- Law 35 – Hit Wicket

Law 36 – Leg Before Wicket

a) Level 1 – all modes of dismissal count, except a batter cannot be dismissed LBW.
b) Level 2 – all modes of dismissal count, including LBW.

Law 37 to Law 40 – Types of Dismissals

Law 37 to Law 40 shall apply.

- Law 37 – Obstructing The Field
- Law 38 – Run Out
- Law 39 – Stumped
- Law 40 – Timed Out
Law 41 – Unfair Play

Law 41 shall apply with the following amendments and interpretations;

The application and use of the Unfair Play rule should follow a common sense approach considering the player skill level and junior development goals. Awarding of penalty runs shall not apply.

A. Bowling of dangerous and unfair short pitched deliveries (41.6)

1. Law 41.6.2 – the unfair short pitched bowling is amended to shoulder height. (Not above head height)
2. Law 41.6.3 – the umpire caution is amended to an advisory position with guidance provided. The first and final warning shall not apply.
3. Laws 41.6.4 & 41.6.5 shall not apply.

B. Bowling of dangerous and unfair non-pitching deliveries (41.7)

1. Law 41.7.1 – above waist height applies. The umpire caution is amended to an advisory position with guidance provided. The first and final warning shall not apply.
2. Laws 41.7.2, 41.7.3, 41.7.4 shall not apply.

Law 42 – Players Conduct

Law 42 shall not apply, replaced with;

a) Teams, players and officials must adhere to the Associations’ ‘Codes of Behaviour’ as adopted.
b) Law 42.1 – Unacceptable conduct – all breaches shall be reported and handled in accordance with the Associations’ Junior Code of Behaviour document.
### Appendix

#### PLAYER PARTICIPATION GUIDE – BATTING & BOWLING LIMITS BREAKDOWN

**BATTING & BOWLING PER PLAYER BREAKDOWN**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MATCH LENGTH</th>
<th>PLAYERS PER TEAM</th>
<th>PLAYERS PER TEAM</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OVERS PER INNINGS 20 – 30 over options</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 OVERS (120 balls)</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30 OVERS (180 balls)</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

![BATTING](image)

- **BATTING**
  - Max Balls faced per batter before retiring

![BOWLING](image)

- **BOWLING**
  - Number of overs per bowler options

---

This guide highlights the potential impact on game involvement due to varying team sizes.

1. Unless dismissed beforehand. Coaches are encouraged to monitor the batting innings & have the ability to retire players at any time prior to the retirement limits set above to encourage maximum participation.

2. Based on all players bowling in teams with 9 or less players (incl. wicket keeper). For teams with 9 or more players, the breakdown excludes wicketkeepers.

3. Recommended model - 9 players per team – at associations discretion whether to play 20 or 30 overs.

Please note as the team sizes increase, the level of involvement & participation per player decreases.
LOST TIME CALCULATION – OVER REDUCTION GUIDE

TABLE 1 – Lost Time in Session 1

- For time lost PRIOR to play, reduce innings by 1 over per team for each WHOLE 6.0 minutes lost.
- For time lost DURING INNINGS of the TEAM BATTING FIRST, reduce innings by 1 over per team for each WHOLE 6.0 minutes lost.

TABLE 2 – Lost Time in Session 2

- Time lost DURING INNINGS of the TEAM BATTING SECOND, reduce innings by 1 over for each WHOLE 3.0 minutes lost.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minutes Lost</th>
<th>Overs Lost</th>
<th>Minutes Lost</th>
<th>Overs Lost</th>
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<td>66</td>
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<td>10</td>
<td>120</td>
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<table>
<thead>
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<th>Minutes Lost</th>
<th>Overs Lost</th>
<th>Minutes Lost</th>
<th>Overs Lost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>1</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>36</td>
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<tr>
<td>9</td>
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LOST TIME – PLAYER PARTICIPATION GUIDE – BATTING & BOWLING LIMITS BREAKDOWN

Note: as Team overs reduce (& team size increases), the level of involvement & participation per player decreases

- Batting – all players may bat in an innings
- Bowling – all players may bowl in an innings
  - Team 9 players or less – all players must bowl (including wicket-keeper)
  - Team 10 players – all players may bowl (9 minimum excludes 1 wicket-keeper)
  - Team 11 players – all players may bowl (10 minimum excludes 1 wicket-keeper)

TABLE 3 – Lost Time Player Participation Guide

- Based on Team Overs and Players per Team
  - Batting – Balls Faced Limits
  - Bowling – Overs Bowled Limits so all players can bowl.
Table 3 – Lost Time – Player Participation Limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Team Overs</th>
<th>Batting – Players Per Team (Player Balls Faced)</th>
<th>Player Max Overs</th>
<th>Bowling – Players Per Team (Players X Overs)</th>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* recommended – 9 players per team
1. **Boundary size** – sizes may be modified in part or whole, to compensate for varying ground sizes however recommendations should be adhered to.

2. **Boundary definition** –
   - Marked by the use of plastic PVC cones or domes no more than 20 metres apart;
   - Determined by the inside edge of the markers and is a straight line from marker to marker (not an imaginary curve) unless ground is permanently marked;
   - All aspects to be agreed to by both coaches and/or captains.

3. **Boundary obstacles** – any obstacles within the boundary must be allotted run scored prior to the start of play and be appropriately sectioned off.
PITCH SET UP – BOTH END BOWLING

PITCH SET UP
BOTH END BOWLING

Portable stump position
Usual crease markings
Stage 2 crease marking

Stage 2 crease line
Portable stump position

Pre-existing stump holes

12m
18m
20.1m - Full length cricket pitch